## 2019 Sample Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

## Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Taxing Unit Name

city of Lovelady

Phone (area code and number)

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the effective tax rate and rollback tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Sample Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet for School Districts. Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Sample Water District Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this sample worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate

#### preparation and adoption. SECTION 1: Effective Tax Rate (No New Taxes)

The effective tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the effective tax rate should decrease. The effective tax rate for a county is the sum of the effective tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

Effective Tax Rate Activity  1. 2018 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2018 taxable value on the 2018 tax roll today, include any adjustments since last year certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments.	's	Arrielin?	/Bare
This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 14).1		***************************************	
		\$	20,735,080
2. 2018 tax cellings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2018 total taxable value of homesteads with tax cellings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax cell provision in 2018 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.2	ing		
		\$	_
3. Preliminary 2018 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.			**************************************
4. 2018 total adopted tax rate,		\$	20,735,080
			0.450303
2018 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2018 appraised value.		1000000	
5. A. Original 2018 ARB values:	\$	-	
5. B. 2018 values resulting from final court decisions:	····   \$	-	
5. C. 2018 value loss. Subtract B from A.s	······································		
		l s	_
6. 2018 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered reductions. Add Line 3 and Line 5C.			
		\$	20,735,080
<ol> <li>2018 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2018. Enter the 2018 value of property in deannexed territory.</li> </ol>		e	The second secon
Tex. Tax Code \$ 26 012(14)		φ	-

information and resources for taxpayers, local taxing entities, appraisal districts and appraisal review boards.

For more information, visit our website:

comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax

50-856 • 05-19/3

<sup>7</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14) Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14) Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

<sup>4</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

The Property Tax Assistance Division at the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts provides property tax

		Form 0-856
	Effertive Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Rate
	2018 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2019. Note that investigate amount or property are appropriate and appropriate appropriate and appropriate ap	
	existing exemption does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the	
8	difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport or goods- in-transit exemptions.	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2019 exemption amount or 2019 percentage exemption	
٥	firms 2018 value	
R	times 2018 value: \$ 187,540 C. Value loss. Add A and B.s	
٠		\$ 187.540
***************************************	2018 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal,	\$ 187,540.
	recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2019. Use only properties that qualified in 2019 for the first	
	time; do not use properties that qualified in 2018.	
9	A. 2018 market value:	
9.	. D. 2019 productivity of special appraised value:	
	C. Value loss, Subtract B from A.s	
3	o. value toss. Subtract o ((Off) A,8	\$
10.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 7, 8C and 9C.	φ
		\$ 187.5
1	2018 adjusted taxable value, Subtract Line 10 from Line 6	\$ 187,5
		\$ 20 547
2.	Adjusted 2018 taxes. Multiply Line 4 by Line 11 and divide by \$100.	\$ 20,547,5
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
13.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax	\$ 92,526.
	Typear 2018. Types of refunds include court decisions. Tax Code Section 25 25(b) and (c) corrections and Tay Code Section 24 44 normals	
	errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2018. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2018.	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		\$
14.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment	
	zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.s	
		\$
5.	Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.9	
		\$ 92.526
	Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total	
,	taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or	
	disabled to \$23,414,940	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	
6,	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption; Deduct the value of properly exempted for the current tay year for the first	+
	time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2019 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit is a tax increment financing:	
6.	zone for which the 2019 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in	
6.		**************************
	Line 21 below.n	
	Line 21 below  E. Total 2019 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	

s Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
e Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
e Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
e Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

	Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts		Form	
	Effective Too Rate Activity		50-856 Amount/	
17	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. <sub>12</sub> A 2019 taxable value of properties under protect. The chief contribution of the chie	0		
	B. 2019 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roil.  The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about, but are not included in the appraisal roil certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate).  C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$		
18,	2019 tax cellings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax cellings. These include the		\$	
	homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2018 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.15			
19.	2019 total taxable value, Add Lines 16E and 17C. Subtract Line 18.		\$	
20.	Total 2019 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2018. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2019 value of property in territory annexed. 16		\$	23,414,94
	Total 2019 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2018. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2018, and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2019.17		\$	Bath American among maganita spicia, ang kao at ang apami
22.	Total adjustments to the 2019 taxable value, Add Lines 20 and 21.		\$	181,24
23.	2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 22 from Line 19.	tracement of the second se	\$	181,240
24.	2019 effective tax rate. Divide Line 15 by Line 23 and multiply by \$100.18		\$	23,233,700
25.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the effective tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2019 county effective tax rate.19			0.39824
Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex.	ax Code § 26.01(c) and (d) ax Code § 26.01(c) ax Code § 26.01(c) ax Code § 26.01(d) ax Code § 26.01(d) ax Code § 26.012(f) ax Code § 26.04(d) ax Code § 26.04(d) for Information, visit our website: comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax		Page 3	0.00000

### SECTION 2: Rollback Tax Rate

The rollback tax rate is split into two separate rates;

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O): The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus eight percent. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt: The debt tax rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The rollback tax rate for a county is the sum of the rollback tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the rollback tax rate exceeds the effective tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the effective tax rate to be higher than the rollback tax rate.

26	2018 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate.				
27	2018 adjusted taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 11.			0.	.4503
	, and an an another than the analysis of the			20	- 4
	2018 M&O taxes.		<b>\$</b>	20,1	547,5
28	A. Multiply Line 26 by Line 27 and divide by \$100.	\$ 92,526.19			
28	The stands operations and modeling districts with auditional sales tax; Altifulnit of Southousi sales tay collected and count on Mac		liiiiii		
	expenses in 2018. Enter amount from full year's sales tax revenue spent for M&O in 2018 fiscal year, if any. Other taxing units enter 0.				
	Counties exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of				
	sales tax spent.	s -			
28,	C. Counties: Enter the amount for the state criminal justice mandate. If second or later year		111111		-
	the amount is for increased cost above last year's amount. Other taxing units enter 0.	\$ -			
28.	D. Transferring function: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another towns with a section of the section of t		-		
	Contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months proceeding the manth of the part of the contract of the contra				
	the taking unit did not operate this junction for this 12-month period lise the amount epent in				
	the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in H				
	spelow. The taxing unit receiving				
•	the function will add this amount in H below. Other taxing units enter 0	\$ -			
28.	E. Taxes returned for years preceding tax year 2018: Enter the amount of M&O tayes refunded in the preceding tax year 1018:				
	that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment				
	terrors. Do not include rejuites for tax year 2018. This line applies only to tax years				
	preceding tax year 2018	\$ -			
28.	F. Enhanced indigent health care expenditures: Enter the increased amount for the current year's enhanced indigent health care		<b></b>	*********	
	expenditures above the preceding tax years enhanced				
	indigent health care expenditures, less any state assistance.	\$ -			
28,	G. Taxes in TIF: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit lift ha	Ψ			
	taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in				
	Line 16D, enter 0.	\$ -			
28.	H. Adjusted M&O Taxes. Add A, B, C, E and F. For taxing unit with D. subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	Ψ -			<u> </u>
	Subtract G.		\$	02	526
29.	2019 adjusted taxable value. Enter Line 23 from the Sample Effective Tax Rate Worksheet	····	φ	72,	,526
			e	22.0	111
30.	2019 effective maintenance and operations rate. Divide Line 28H by Line 29 and multiply by \$100.		Φ	23,2	233,7
				0.4	2000
11.	2019 rollback maintenance and operation rate. Multiply Line 30 by 1.08.	·····	**************	U.3	3982
				_	
	re information, visit our website; comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax			0.4	4301

110	Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts		Form D-856
M	Rolling To Fair Attion	Ü	TOTAL OF THE WOLLDON CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF
	Total 2019 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:  (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.		Anom/fate
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments.	\$ -	
32	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	s -	
32	C. Subtract amount paid from other resources.		
32	D. Adjusted debt. Subtract B and C from A.	13 -	
33	Certified 2018 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector.		\$ -
34.	Adjusted 2019 debt. Subtract Line 33 from Line 32D,		\$ -
			\$ -
35,	Certified 2019 anticipated collection rate. Enter the rate certified by the collector. If the rate is 100 percent or greater, enter 100 percent.		100%
36.	2019 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 34 by Line 35	Addressed transporter (St. 100-sep. references) control (control for large to special for lar	
37.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 19.		\$ -
38.	2019 debt tax rate. Divide Line 36 by Line 37 and multiply by \$100.		\$ 23,414,940
			0.000000
	2019 rollback tax rate. Add Lines 31 and 38.		0,430100
40.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the rollback tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2019 county rollback tax rate.		em Berkenn, idahkan di sepik since viden incentenne sesaman mengencep papa ya
C E C T	ON 2. Additional Calca Target De La Da		0.000000
Cities	ON 3: Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or		
silode	ling the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its effective and rollback tax rates to offset the expected sales tax rays	nue,	
	ection should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its effective tax rate and/or rollback tax rate bec		ditional sales tax. Amount itale
41.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or May 2019, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. 20 Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2018, skip this line.		
42.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of		\$
	sales tax revenue.21	SALES TAX RATE	
42.	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or in May 2019. Multiply the amount on Line 41 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95.22	0.0000	
	- or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2018. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$ - \$ -	
42.	Sales Tax Revenue		<u> </u>

20 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)
21 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(f)
22 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)
23 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)
For more information, visit our website: comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax

43	Activity  2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	Amoun	/Rate
40.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Lax Rate Worksheet.	s	23,414,9
44.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 42 by Line 43 and multiply by \$100.	19	23,414,5
45	2019 effective tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.23 Enter the rate from Line 24 or 25, as applicable, on the Sample Effective Tax Rate		0.000
	Worksheet.		
			0.398
46.	2019 effective tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or in May 2019. Subtract Line 44 from Line 45. Skip to Line 47 if you		****
	adopted the additional sales tax before November 2018.		
_			0.000
47.	2019 rollback tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.24 Enter the rate from Line 39 or 40, as applicable, of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheef		*****
	To hallot		0.430
48	2019 rollback tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 44 from Line 47.		0.430
٠.,	2010 Tollback tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtrack Line 44 from Line 47.	1	
exin d, st e tax ess s se	ON 4: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control g unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any tructure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollut ding unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing un or with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control. section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. Heditional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control Activity.	lt must p	
axin d, st e tax sess s se	ON 4: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control g unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any tructure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed polluti drig unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing un or with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control. cction should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. 45ditional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control Activity. Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination.	lt must p	ol requirement ovide the tax
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axin d, si tax ess s se	g unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any tructure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installation partly to meet or exceed pollution unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control. ection should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.  **Additional Reliable Englishing Control Activity**  **Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination etter from TCEQ.** The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter.**  **2019 total taxable value.** Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet*.**	Arrioun	of requirement ovide the tax
exinder the second seco	ON 4: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control g unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any tructure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollut dring unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing un or with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control. cition should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. Additional Rollback projection for pollution Control Activity.  Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination etter from TCEQ.25 The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter.26	t must p	of requirement ovide the tax
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ess s se sess s se sess s se	g unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any tructure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installation partly to meet or exceed pollution unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control. ection should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.  **Additional Reliable Englishing Control Activity**  **Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination etter from TCEQ.** The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter.**  **2019 total taxable value.** Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet*.**	Arrioun	ovide the tax
axin d, st tax seess seess sees. 19. [1]	g unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any tructure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit or with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control. ection should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control Activity.  Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination etter from TCEQ.25 The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter.26  2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.  Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 49 by Line 50 and multiply by \$100.	Arrioun	of requirement rovide the tax
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Taxing Unit Representative - Signagure

22 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)
24 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)
25 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)
26 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)
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27 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)
28 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)
29 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)
20 Tex. Tax Code

## Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts 2020 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

Date: 07/22/2020 08:27 AM

2020 Lovelady City	936-544-9655
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number
1512-B Loop 304 East, Crockett, TX, 75835	
Taxing Unit Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraisire delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properites under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller For 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet for School Districts.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) should use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet. All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

#### STEP 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both year.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operation taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
1.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2019 taxable value on the 2019 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year s certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 17).		\$23,414,940
2.	2019 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step		\$0
3.	Preliminary 2019 adopted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.		\$23,414,940
4.	2019 total adopted tax rate		\$.430100
5.	2019 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2019 appraised value:		
	A. Original 2019 ARB values:	\$0	
	B. 2019 values resulting from final court decisions:	\$0	
	C. 2019 value loss. Subtract B from A.[3]		\$0
6.	2019 taxable value subject to appear under Chapter 42, as of July 25.		
	A. 2019 ARB certified value		

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
		0	
	B. 2019 disputed value	0	
	C. 2019 undisputed value Subtract B from A		0
7.	2019 Chapter 42-related adjusted values. Add Line 5 and 6		0
8.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered reductions. Add Line 3 and Line 7		\$23,414,940
9.	2019 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2019. Enter the 2019 value of property in deannexed territory.[4]		\$0
10.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2020. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goodsin-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2020 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.		
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2019 market value:	\$2,360	
	B. Partial exemptions, 2020 exemption amount or 2020 percentage exemption times 2019 value:	\$0	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B.		\$2,360
11.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2020. Use only properties that qualified in 2020 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2019.		
	A. Use 2019 market value:	\$0	
	B. 2020 productivity or special appraised value:	\$0	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.		\$0
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.		\$2,360
13.	Adjusted 2019 taxable value. Subtract Line 12 from Line 8		\$23,412,580
14.	Adjusted 2019 taxes. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100		\$100,697
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2019. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019. [8]		\$0
16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2019 Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.		\$0
17.	Adjusted 2019 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 14, and 15, subtract Line 16.		\$100,697
18.	Total 2020 taxable value on the 2020 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.		
	A,Certified values	\$25,340,320	
	B. Counties Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office	\$0	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property	\$0	
	D. Tax increment financing Deduct the 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2020 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below.	\$0	

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
	E. Total 2020 value Add A and B, then subtract C and D		\$25,340,320
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal role. [13]		
	A. 2020 taxable value of properties under protest The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district s value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest	\$153,640	
	B. 2020 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll.	\$0	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.		\$153,640
20.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.		\$0
21.	2020 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20C.		\$25,493,960
22.	Total 2020 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2019. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2020 value of property in territory annexed.		\$0
23.	Total 2020 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2019. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2019 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2020.		\$32,980
24.	Total adjustments to the 2020 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.		\$32,980
25.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.		\$25,460,980
26.	2020 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100.		\$.395495 /\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2020 county NNR tax rate		\$.395495 /\$100

[1]Tex. Tax Cude Section	[2]Tex, Tax Code Section
[3]Tex. Tax Code Section	[4] Tex. Tax Code Section
[5]Tex. Tax Code Section	[6]Tex. Tax Code Section
[7]Tex. Tax Code Section	[8]Tex. Tax Code Section
[9]Tex. Tax Code Section	[10]Tex. Tax Code Section
[11]Tex. Tax Code Section	[12]Tex. Tax Code Section
[13]Tex. Tax Code Section	[14]Tex. Tax Code Section
[15]Tex. Tax Code Section	[16]Tex. Tax Code Section
[17]Tex. Tax Code Section	[18]Tex. Tax Code Section
[19]Tex. Tax Code Section	[20]Tex. Tax Code Section
[21]Tex. Tax Code Section	

## STEP 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit s debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit s debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
28.	2019 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2019 M&O tax rate.		\$.430100
29.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		23,414,940
30.	Total 2019 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100		100,707
31.	Adjusted 2019 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.		
	A. 2019 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. For cities, counties and hospital districts, enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2019, if any. Other taxing units, enter 0. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	O	
	B. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019	<b>0</b>	
	C. 2019 taxes in TIF: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0	0	
	D. 2019 transferred function: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in E below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in E below. Other taxing units enter 0.	0	
	2019 M&O levy adjustments. Add A and B, then subtract C. For taxing unit with D, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function		0
32.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		25,460,980
33.	2020 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted) Divide Line 31 by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		0.395535
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. Enter the rate calculated in C If not applicable, enter 0.	•	0.000000
	A. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	0	
	B. 2019 state criminal justice mandate Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	0	

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.000000	
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0		0.000000
	A. 2020 indigent health care expenditures Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	O	
	B. 2019 indigent health care expenditures Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.000000	
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation Enter the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0		0.000000
	A. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	o	
	B. 2019 indigent defense compensation expenditures Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0,000000	
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.000000	
37.	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. Enter the lessor of C and D, if applicable, If not applicable, enter 0.		0
	A. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020	0	
	B. 2019 eligible county hospital expenditures Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019	0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.000000	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0,000000	
38.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34, 35, 36, and 37		0
39.	2020 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below.  Special Taxing Unit If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by 1.08  -or-		0.409378
	Other Taxing Unit If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by 1.035.  -or-	·	
	Taxing unit affected by disaster declaration If the taxing unit is located in an area declared as disater area, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the second year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, and 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred. If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 38 by 1.08. [27]		
40.	Total 2020 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:  (1) are paid by property taxes,  (2) are secured by property taxes,		
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.		

voter Approval Tax Rate Activity		
Iso includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred chalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above, ily amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include listrict budget payments.  t amount	O.	
t unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	0	
ct certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt(enter zero if	0	
et amount paid from other resource	0	
ed debt Subtract B, C and D from A		0
2019 excess debt collections Enter the amount certified by the collector.		0
2020 debt Subtract Line 41 from Line 40E		0
cipated collection rate. If the anticipated collection rate in $\Lambda$ is lower l collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C he anticipated rate in $\Lambda$ is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior s, enter the rate from $\Lambda$ . Note that the rate can be greater than 100%		100,00
he 2020 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector	100.00	
ne 2019 actual collection rate	0.98	
he 2018 actual collection rate	0.99	
he 2017 actual collection rate	0.97	
adjusted for collections. Divide Line 42 by Line 43.		0
I taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Worksheet.		25,493,960
rate Divide Line 44 by Line 45 and multiply by \$100.		0.000000
r-approval tax rate		0.409378
ES ONLY		0.409378
ES ONLY		oter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales tAx to Reduce Property Taxe

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
49.	Taxable sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or May 2020, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019, skip this line.	0
50.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020.  Multiply the amount on Line 49 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95[3] -or-  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	O
51.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue  Tax Rate Worksheet	25,493,960
52.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 50 by Line 51 and multiply by \$100.	0
53.	2020 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.[35] Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$.395495
54.	2020 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020.  Subtract Line 52 from Line 53. Skip to Line 55 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2019.	\$.395495

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
55.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.[36] Enter the rate from Line 47 or Line 48 as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Workshee	0.409378
56.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax rate in November 2019 or in May 2020.  Subtract Line 53 from Line 54. Skip to Line 56 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2019.	0,409378

[37] Tex. Tax Code Section [38] Tex. Tax Code Section

### STEP 4: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit s expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only by completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Activity	Amount/Rat	
57.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).[6] Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor collector with a copy of the letter.[7]	\$0	
58.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	\$25,493,960	
59.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 57 by Line 58 and multiply by \$100.	0.000000	
60.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 59 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 47, Line 48 (counties) or Line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	0.409378	

|37|Tex. Tax Code Section | [38|Tex. Tax Code Section

## STEP 5: Voter-Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years.[39] In a year where a special taxing unit adopts a rate above the voter-approval tax rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero. Consult with legal counsel to ensure appropriate calculation of the unused increment rate.

For each tax year before 2020, the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval rate is considered zero, therefore the unused increment rate for 2020 is zero.[40]

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. [41]

Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
61.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	0.000000
62.	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2028 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	0.000000
63.	2017 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2017 actual tax rate and the 2017 unused increment rate from the 2017 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	0.000000
64.	2020 unused increment rate. Add Lines 61, 62 and 63.	0.000000
65.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 64 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 47, Line 48 (counties), Line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 60 (taxing units with pollution control).	0.000000

## STEP 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no=new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit.[42]

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. [41]

Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
66.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 38 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	0.000000
67.	2020 total taxable value Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	0
68.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 67 and multiply by \$100.	0.000000
69.	2020 debt rate Enter the rate from Line 46 of the Voter- Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	0.000000
70.	De minimis rate Add Lines 66, 68 and 69.	0.000000

STEP 7: Total Tax Rate	

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-new-revenue tax rate

0.395495 0.409378

Voter-Approval Tax Rate

0.000000

STEP 8; Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

print here

De minimis rate

sign here

7-22-20

Date

#### Date: 07/28/2021 02:54 PM

## 2021 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts LOVELADY CITY

Taxing Unit Name Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

Phone (area code and number) Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26,04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the No-New-Revenue (NNR) tax rate and Voter-Approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements or or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

## SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tux rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate

separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.  No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1. 2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2020 taxable value on the 2020 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). 1	\$25,456,400
2. 2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>2</sup>	\$
3. Preliminary 2020 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$25,456,40
4. 2020 total adopted tax rate.	\$0.409378/\$10
5. 2020 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2020 appraised value.  A. Original 2020 ARB values:  B. 2020 values resulting from final court decisions:	\$
C. 2020 value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>3</sup>	\$
6. 2020 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2020 ARB certified value:	\$
B. 2020 disputed value:	S
C. <b>2020 undisputed value.</b> Subtract B from A. <sup>4</sup>	\$
7. 2020 Chapter 42 related adjusted values Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$
8. 2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered reductions. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$25,456,40

9. 2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1,	\$0
2020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. <sup>5</sup>	
10. 2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value:	\$0
B. Partial exemptions. 2021 exemption amount or 2021 percentage exemption times 2020 value:	\$0
C. Value loss. Add A and B. <sup>5</sup>	\$0
11. 2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2020.	
not use properties that quantied in 2020.	
A. 2020 market value:	\$0
B. 2021 productivity or special appraised value:	\$0
C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>7</sup>	\$0
12. Total adjustments for lost value. Add lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$0
13. 2020 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2020 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no	\$0
captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	<b>905 456 400</b>
14. 2020 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$25,456,400 \$104,212
15. Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.  16. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded	\$104,212
by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years	\$0
preceding tax year 2020.8	0104010
17. Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10  18. Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 11	\$104,212
A. Certified values:	\$26,889,330
B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	\$0
C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	**
pysicin property.	\$0
D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2021 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in	

Line 23 below. 12	\$0
E. Total 2021 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	
	\$26 000 22 <b>0</b>
	\$26,889,330
19. Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	\$0
A. 2021 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
B. 2021 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll.  The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about, but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of	\$0
properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified fon.	•
C. Total value under protest or not certified: Add A and B.	
	\$0
20. 2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision	\$0
in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 16	\$26,889,330
21. 2021 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17 22. Total 2021 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2020.	\$20,669,330
Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2021 value of property in territory annexed. 18	\$0
23. Total 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2020, and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do	\$395,170
include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2021. 19	
24. Total adjustments to the 2021 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$395,170
25. Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$26,494,160
26. 2021 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. <sup>20</sup>	\$0.393339/\$100
27. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county	
levies. The total is the 2021 county NNR tax rate. <sup>21</sup>	

Tex.	Tax	Code	Section	26.012(14)
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<sup>12</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26.03(c)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(14)

<sup>13</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(c) and (d)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(c) <sup>3</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)

<sup>15</sup> Tex. Tax Code Section 26,01(d) <sup>16</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)(b)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(15) <sup>6</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(15)

<sup>17</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)

<sup>7</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13) <sup>8</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)

<sup>9</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26,03(c) <sup>10</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)

11Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012,26.04(c-2)

<sup>18</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(17)

<sup>19</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26,012(17)

<sup>20</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

<sup>21</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(d)

<sup>22</sup>Reserved for expansion

## SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations
  2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds
- and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	oval tax rate.
VOICE - 12 PRI VIII I IIA AUGUS VI VI II SHOCE	Amount/Rate
28. 2020 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2020 M&O tax rate.	\$0.409378/\$100
29. 2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.	\$25,456,400
Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	
30. Total 2020 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100.	\$104,212
31. Adjusted 2020 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	
A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020 Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020.	\$0
B. 2020 taxes in TIF Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	\$0
C. 2020 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	\$0
D. 2020 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.	\$0
E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	\$104,212
32. Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$26,494,160
33. 2021 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.393339/\$100
A. 2021 state criminal justice mandate: Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state	\$0
R. 2020 state criminal justice mandate: Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the	
first time the mandate applies.	

,	1
D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
	\$0/\$100
35. Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. <sup>24</sup>	\$0
A. 2021 indigent health care expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.	
B. 2020 indigent health care expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.	\$0
C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	20/0100
D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
	\$0/\$100
36. Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25  A. 2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.	\$0
B. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.	\$0
C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
D.Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
E. Enter the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
37. Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. <sup>26</sup>	
A. 2021 eligible county hospital expenditures: Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021.	\$0
B. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures: Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020.	\$0
C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	, , ,

E. Enter the lessor of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
	\$0/\$100
	\$0/\$100
8. Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a nunicipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies o municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written letermination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0444 for more information.	<b>\$0</b>
A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money ppropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding iscal year	\$0
3. Expenditures for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money spent by the nunicipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.	
C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	<b>\$0/\$</b> 100
D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	<b>ቅ</b> ብ/ <b>ቅ</b> 1ብለ
	\$0/\$100
9. Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line	\$0.393339/\$100
18D.  10. Adjustment for 2020 sales tax specifically to reduce property values. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2020 hould complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2021 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.	
	\$0
A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2020, if my. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent.	\$0
3. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.393339
C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.	
11. 2021 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rates as calculated by the scenario below.  Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.	\$0.407105/\$100
or - Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 10C by 1.035.	
O41. Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2021 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at east one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located	\$0/\$100

in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval	
tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall	
continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of	
1 the first year in which total toughts eather on the contified manufactural will assemble the	
1. the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the	
total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or	
2. the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred.	
If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. <sup>27</sup> If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	
42. Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue.	
Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	
(1) are paid by property taxes,	
(2) are secured by property taxes,	
(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year and	
(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses	
A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on	
behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only	•
amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget	
payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond,	\$0
warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021,	
verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. <sup>28</sup>	
Enter debt amount.	20
	\$0
B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	\$0
C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)	\$0
D. Subtract amount paid from other resources.	
D. Subtract amount para from other resources.	\$0
E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C, and D from A.	
43. Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 28	\$0
44. Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$0
45. 2021 anticipated collection rate.	
A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector: <sup>29</sup>	
,	05.000/
B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	95.00%
· ·	92.74%
	74.197/0
C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	, , , , , , , , ,
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate	97.81%
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate  E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D,	97.81%
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate  E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at	97.81% 99.20%
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate  E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be	97.81% 99.20%
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate  E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. <sup>31</sup>	97.81% 99.20% 95.00%
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate  E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. <sup>31</sup> 46. 2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E	97.81% 99.20% 95.00% \$0
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate  E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. <sup>31</sup> 46. 2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E  47. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate	97.81% 99.20% 95.00%
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate  E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31  46. 2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E  47. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	97.81% 99.20% 95.00% \$0 \$26,889,330
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate  E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31  46. 2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E  47. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.  48. 2021 debt tax rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	97.81% 99.20% 95.00% \$0 \$26,889,330 \$0/\$100
C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate  D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate  E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31  46. 2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E  47. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.  48. 2021 debt tax rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.  49. 2021 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.  D49. Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by	97.81% 99.20%

rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	
50. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the	
county levies. The total is the 2021 county voter-approval tax rate.	

23 Tex.	Tax	Code	Section	26.044

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c-1)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.0442

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(10) and 26.04(b)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.0442

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(b)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.0443

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(b)

## SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce

Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales

ax. Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
	AMOUNTARE
51. Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or May 2021, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. <sup>20</sup> Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020, enter 0.	\$0
52. Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for	·
economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. <sup>33</sup>	
Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. <sup>34</sup>	\$0
- or -	
Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	
53. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$26,889,330
54. Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
55. 2021 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.393339/\$100
56. 2021 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021.  Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2020.	\$0.393339/\$100
57. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. <sup>36</sup> Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), or Line 50 (counties), as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$0.407105/\$100
58. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$0.407105/\$100

<sup>31</sup> Reserved for expansion

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(d)

<sup>32</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(d)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

<sup>33</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(i)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

## SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Voter-Approval Protection for Pollution Control Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59. Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).	
Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. <sup>37</sup> The taxing unit shall	\$0
provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. 38	`
60. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax	\$26,889,330
Rate Worksheet.	
61. Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
62. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of	
the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line	\$0.407105/\$100
58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.045(d)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.045(i)

## SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; and 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a);<sup>41</sup> or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval.<sup>42</sup>

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63. 2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0
64. 2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero	\$0
65. 2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0
66. 2021 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$0/\$100
67. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. <sup>23</sup> Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49(disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$0.407105/\$100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.013(a)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.013(c)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.063(a)(1)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate	
The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the cur	rent debt rate for a taxing unit. 42
This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a	special taxing unit. 43
De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68. Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$0.393339/\$100
<b>69. 2021 total taxable value.</b> Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$26,889,330
70. Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$1.859473
71. 2021 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0/\$100
72. De minimis rate. <sup>23</sup> Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$2.252812/\$100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(8-a)
<sup>43</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.063(a)(1)

<sup>44</sup>Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

## SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year. 46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

NOTE: This section will not apply to any taxing units in 2021. It is added to implement Senate Bill 1438 (87th Regular Session) and does not apply to a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a declared disaster in 2020, as provided for in the recently repealed Tax Code Sections 26.04(c-1) and 26.041(c-1).

In future tax years, this section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- . directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

In future tax years, this section will also apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster

calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).	
Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73. 2020 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	N/A
74. Adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line.	
If a disaster occurred in 2020 and the taxing unit calculated its 2020 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2020 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49.	
- or -If a disaster occurred prior to 2020 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2020, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2020 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet.	N/A
If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2020 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	
75. Increase in 2020 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	N/A
76. Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 13 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	N/A
77. Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	N/A
78. Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	N/A
<b>79. Emergency revenue rate.</b> Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. <sup>49</sup>	N/A
80. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49(disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	n N/A

## SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue tax rate

As applicable, enter the 2021 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56

(adjusted for sales tax).

Indicate the line number used: 26

Voter-Approval tax rate

As applicable, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line 50 (counties), Line

58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for \$0.407105/\$100

unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue).

Indicate the line number used: 49

De minimis rate

If applicable, enter the de minimis rate from Line 70.

\$2,252812/\$100

## SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code.<sup>50</sup>

print here

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

sign here

Taxing Unit Representative

7-29-21

Date

Form 50-856

# 2022 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

LOVELADY CITY Taxing Unit Name	(936) 636-7313 Phone (area code and number)
cityoflovelady@gmail.com Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

#### SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2021 taxable value on the 2021 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	\$26,884,220
2.	2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>2</sup>	\$0
3.	Preliminary 2021 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 26,884,220
4.	2021 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 0.4071 /\$100
5.	2021 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value.  A. Original 2021 ARB values: \$ 0  B. 2021 values resulting from final court decisions: -\$ 0  C. 2021 value loss. Subtract B from A.3	\$ 0
6.	2021 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.  A. 2021 ARB certified value: \$ 0  B. 2021 disputed value: -\$ 0  C. 2021 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	\$0
7.	2021 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$0

Tex. Tax Code § 26:012(14)

<sup>1</sup> lex. lax Code 5 26.012(14) 3 Tex. Tax Code 5 26.012(13)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 26,884,220
9.	2021 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2021. Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	\$0
10.	2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2022. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2022 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2021 market value:	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2022 exemption amount or 2022 percentage exemption times 2021 value:	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	\$
11.	2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2022. Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2021.	
	A. 2021 market value:	And the second s
A Property of the Control of the Con	B. 2022 productivity or special appraised value:	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>7</sup>	\$0
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$0
13.	2021 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2021 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$0
14.	2021 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 26,884,220
15.	Adjusted 2021 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ 109,445
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2021. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors.  Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021.	s 0
17.	Adjusted 2021 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	\$ 109,445
18.	Total 2022 taxable value on the 2022 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 11	
	A. Certified values:	
To the Angel of Angel	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2022 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	
	E. Total 2022 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	\$ 28,987,830

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) <sup>6</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) <sup>7</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) <sup>8</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c) <sup>9</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) <sup>10</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) <sup>11</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2) <sup>12</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
and the desirement of the control of the state of the sta	A. 2022 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
, тер — тот туб общегоро очен тога моще наделявающей обторенее можем поделя	B. 2022 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value,	
	appraised value and exemptions for the current year, Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value  (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	**************************************
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$ section in religions to the control of the contro
20.	<b>2022 tax ceilings.</b> Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>16</sup>	\$0
21.	2022 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	\$ 28,987,830
22.	<b>Total 2022 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2021.</b> Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2022 value of property in territory annexed. <sup>18</sup>	\$0
23.	Total 2022 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2021. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to exist-ing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2021 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2022. <sup>19</sup>	\$180,480
24.	Total adjustments to the 2022 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ 180,480
25.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ 28,807,350
26.	2022 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100.20	\$
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county NNR tax rate. 21	\$/\$100

## SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

	ne	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate	
2	8.	2021 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2021 M&O tax rate.	\$	
2		2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$\$26,884,220	

<sup>13</sup> Tex, Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

<sup>14</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) 15 Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

<sup>16</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(8) 17 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

<sup>18</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

<sup>19</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17) 20 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

<sup>21</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

Line		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2	<b>D21 M&amp;O levy.</b> Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	ener , santaasintiitii – konsoniistorii – rokiisjadii = rok	\$ 109,445
31.	Adjuste	ed 2021 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.		
	A.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021	0	
	<b>B.</b>	2021 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2022 captured appraised value in  Line 18D, enter 0\$	0	
	C.	2021 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	Ó	
	D,	2021 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if	0	the control of the co
	E.	discontinuing function and add if receiving function\$	0	\$ 109,445
32.	Adjust	ed 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		\$ 28,807,350
33.	2022 N	NR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		\$ 0.3799/\$100
34.	Rate ac	ljustment for state criminal justice mandate. <sup>23</sup>		and Wild Common Prince
	Α.	2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they		
		have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. \$	0	1
	B.	2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	0	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100,	0.0000/\$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$ 0.0000/\$100
35.	Rate a	ljustment for indigent health care expenditures. <sup>24</sup>		agent and an account to the time of the state of the stat
	A.	2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on  July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	· 0	
	В.	2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	0	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100\$	0.0000/\$100	
100 mm	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$ 0.0000/\$100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> [Reserved for expansion] <sup>23</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.044 <sup>24</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441

Line		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet			Amount/Rate
36.	Rate ac	ljustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25			
	A.	2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26,044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	\$	0	
The state of the s	В.	<b>2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26,044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	\$	0	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$	0.0000/\$100	
	D.	Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$	0.0000/\$100	
	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.			\$ 0.0000/\$100
37.	Rate a	ljustment for county hospital expenditures. <sup>26</sup>			de La company
serve deliarette d'ambient y respective de la company	Α.	2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	\$	. 0	
on the second of	В.	2021 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021.	\$	0	September 1997 Comment of the Commen
4	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$	0,0000/\$100	Transcriber
	D.	Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100		0.0000/\$100	
	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable, If not applicable, enter 0.			\$
38.	for the	<b>djustment for defunding municipality.</b> This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies tion of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.	to mun	icipalities with a	
	Α.	Amount appropriated for public safety in 2021. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	\$	0	
	В.	Expenditures for public safety in 2021. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.	\$	0	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$	0.0000/\$100	
The state of the s	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		endig to the transport to produce and conducted and a state of the sta	\$\$100
39.	Adjust	ed 2022 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D,	austerologischen den von S. 1900 M.		\$ 0.3799/\$100
40.	tional	ment for 2021 sales tax specifically to reduce property values. Cities, counties and hospital districts that cales tax on M&O expenses in 2021 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate axing units, enter zero.	collected for 2022	and spent addi- n Section 3.	
APRIJAM GRITILIANON MANAGARAN	Α.,	Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2021, if any.  Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	\$	0	
	В,	Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$	0.0000/\$100	
***************************************	c.	Add Line 40B to Line 39.			\$
41.	Sp	roter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below.  ecial Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.  r -  her Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.			\$0.3931/\$100
	1				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Tex, Tax Code § 26.0442 <sup>26</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2022 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of  1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or  2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred  If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. 27 If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	\$
42.	Total 2022 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:  (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.  A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts	
	meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 26	
	Enter debt amount	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	\$0
43.	Certified 2021 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	\$ 0
44.	Adjusted 2022 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$
45.	2022 anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the 2022 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	door chambine
	B. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate. 95.07%	
	93.23 ~	
	97.80	
AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	D. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate:	
of a revitation from a remainder of defendances	E, If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	100.00%
46.	2022 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$
47.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 28,987,830
48.	2022 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.0000/\$100
49.	2022 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2022 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41.  Add Line D41 and 48.	\$/\$100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a) <sup>28</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7) <sup>29</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b) <sup>30</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h) <sup>31</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county voter-approval	
	tax rate.	\$ 0.0000 /\$100

## SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax, if approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	<b>Taxable Sales.</b> For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or May 2022, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. <sup>32</sup> Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021, enter 0.	š0
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$0
53.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 28,987,830
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$
55.	2022 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.35 Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
56.	2022 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2021.	\$
57.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. <sup>36</sup> Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.3931 /\$100
58.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$ 0.3931 /\$100

## SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. 37 The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. 39	\$
60.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 28,987,830
61,	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.0000/\$100
62.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$0.3931 <sub>/</sub> \$100

<sup>32</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

<sup>33</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(I)

<sup>14</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

<sup>15</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

<sup>16</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

<sup>37</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d) 38 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

# SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 in a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120,002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	2021 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$
64.	2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$/\$100
65.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$ 0.0000/\$100
66.	2022 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$ 0.0000/\$100
67.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$

## **SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate**

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 4 This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2022 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$
69.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 28,987,830
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$1.7248/\$100
71.	2022 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.0000/\$100
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ 2.1047 /\$100

## SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26,042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

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<sup>35</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

<sup>41</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26,0501(a) and (c)

<sup>42</sup> Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26,063(a)(1)

<sup>44</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)

Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1) Fra. Tax Code §26.042(b)

<sup>47</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73.	2021 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
74.	Adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line.	
	If a disaster occurred in 2021 and the taxing unit calculated its 2021 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2021 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49.	
	If a disaster occurred prior to 2021 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2021, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2021 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster.   * Or -	\$0.0000/\$100
	If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2021 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	
75.	Increase in 2021 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$ 0.4071/\$100
76.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 26,884,220
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$ 109,445
78.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 28,807,350
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	\$ 0.0000/\$100
80.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	\$0.3931/\$100
SE	CTION 8: Total Tax Rate	
	ate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.	and the second
	No-new-revenue tax rate.  As applicable, enter the 2022 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (countles), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales  tax). Indicate the line number used: 26	\$
	Voter-approval tax rate	\$
	De minimis rate	\$
SEC	TION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature	
empl	the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the open of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified ate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code, 50	
pri: her	Carey Minter	
sig		,
her	Taxing Unit Representative Date	egan e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e

<sup>\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

<sup>\*9</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(b)

<sup>50</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

## Form 50-856

# 2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

LOVELADY CITY Taxing Unit Name	(936) 636-7313 Phone (area code and number)
cityoflovelady@gmail.com Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26,04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

#### SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes, in this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax/Rate-Worksheet (1975)	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	\$ 289.878,300
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.?	\$ 0
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 289,878,300
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 0.3931
5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value.	
1	A. Original 2022 ARB values:	
	B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions: -\$ 0	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C. 2022 value loss. Subtract B from A.3	\$
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.  A. 2022 ARB certified value:	
	B. 2022 disputed value: \$ 0	
	C, 2022 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. 4	\$ consistence with the constitution of the con
7.	2022 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$ 0

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(14)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Tex, Tax Code §26.012(14) <sup>1</sup> Tex, Tax Code §26.012(13)

<sup>\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.017(13

Line 28 28 28 38 38 No-New-Revenue/Jax/Rate/Worksheet		
8.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 289,878,300
9,	2022 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	\$
10.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.  A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value:  S. 228,000  B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value:  + \$	
	C. Value Joss. Add A and B. 6	\$ 228,000
111.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022.  A. 2022 market value:  B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value:  - \$  900	24 750
} }	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	\$ 4,750
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	252,750 \$
13.	2022 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2022 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	s <u>0</u>
14,	2022 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 289,625,550
15.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	1,138,518 \$
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022. 9	\$ 0
17.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16, 19	1,138,518
18.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax cellings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.   A. Certified values:  S. 322,884,100  B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:  + \$  C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:  - \$  D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2023 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2023 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below.   - 5	
	E. Total 2023 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	322,884,100

<sup>\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

\*\* Tex. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(c-2)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$26.03(c)

19. Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the stapper's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpyver wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Either the total value under protest. Value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Either the total value under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser shows about but are not included in the appraisal of incredication. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the died appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the proceeding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or traable value (as appropriate). Either the total value of property not on the certified roll. <sup>9</sup> C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.  20. 2023 tax cellings. Countiles, cities and junior colleges enter 2033 total taxable value of homesteads with tax cellings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>9</sup> 21. 2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18£ and 19C. Subtract Line 20. <sup>9</sup> 22. Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. <sup>9</sup> 22. Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. <sup>9</sup> 23. Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements, New means the item was not on the appraisal	Line	No New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal districts value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. M	19,	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
appraiser gives izaxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. "  C. Total value under protest or not certified, Add A and B.  20. 2023 tax cellings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. "  21. 2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. "  22. Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. "  23. Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. "  24. Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.  25. Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.  26. 2023 NNR tax rates. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. "  27. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 20		under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest	
20. 2023 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.\(^{16}\)  21. 2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20.\(^{17}\)  22. Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed.\(^{16}\)  23. Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023.\(^{19}\)  24. Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.  25. Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.  26. 2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100.\(^{19}\)  27. COUNTIES ONLY, Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. It		appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value	
steads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 5  21. 2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C, Subtract Line 20. 17  22. Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. 8  23. Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements, New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. 19  24. Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23. 49.630  25. Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21. 5  26. 2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20  27. COUNTIES ONLY, Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. 2		C. Total value under protest or not certified, Add A and B.	\$ 0
Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. 18  23. Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. 19  24. Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.  25. Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.  26. 2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20  27. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate 21.	20.	steads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a	s <u>0</u>
value of property in territory annexed. 18  23. Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. 19  24. Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.  25. Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.  26. 2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20  27. COUNTIES ONLY, Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. 21	21.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	322,884,100
not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023.   Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.  49,630  24. Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.  5 49,630  25. Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.  26. 2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20  27. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR fax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate.	22.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. 18	s <u>0</u>
25. Adjusted 2023 taxable value, Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.  26. 2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20  27. COUNTIES ONLY, Add together the NNR fax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate.	23.	not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax	s 49,630
26. 2023 NNR tax rate, Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 70  \$ 0.3526	24.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ 49,630
27. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate 31	25.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	s 322,834,470
27. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. 21 S/\$100	26.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	\$ 0.3526 /\$100
	27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. 21	\$

# SECTION 2: Voter Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rat	e .
28,	2022 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2022 M&O tax rate.	s	0.3931	/\$100
29,	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		289,878,300	
		,	and a constraint of the second	100-page - 100-page

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) and (d) <sup>14</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c)

<sup>15</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26,Q1(d) 14 Tex. Tax Code 526.012(6)(B)

<sup>&</sup>quot; Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(6)

<sup>\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)
\* Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

Line		Voter-Approvalitax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2	022 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	\$ <u>1,139,511</u>
31.	Adjust	ed 2022 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	
	A.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year, Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not Include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022	
	В.	2022 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment  zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2023 captured appraised value in  Line 18D, enter 0\$	
	C.	2022 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	
	D.	2022 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	
	E.	Add Line 30 to 31D.	\$ 1,139,511
32.	Adjust		\$ 322,834,470
33.	2023 N	INR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.3529
34.	1	djustment for state criminal justice mandate. <sup>23</sup> pplicable or less than zero, enter 0,  2023 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months	
1		providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	
The state of the s	В.	2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	; ; ;
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ 0 /\$100
35.		ljustment for indigent health care expenditures. <sup>24</sup> pplicable or less than zero, enter 0.	
	A.	2023 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
	В.	2022 Indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	: : :
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D,	Enter the rate calculated in C, If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ 0 /\$100

<sup>// [</sup>Reserved for expansion] // Tex. Tax Code §26.044 // Tex. Tax Code §26.0441

Line	Voter-Approvalijax:Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25 If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.	
	A. 2023 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	
	B. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	1 - 1
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ 0 /\$100
37.		
	A. 2023 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount pald by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.	
	B. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$/\$100
38.	Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code Section 26.0444 for more information.	
	A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	
	B. Expenditures for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	Time and a second secon
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	0
39,	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.	\$ 0.3529 /\$100
40.	Adjustment for 2022 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2022 should complete this line. These entitles will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2023 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.	
:	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2022, if any.  Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	
i i	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	
	C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.	\$ 0.3529 /\$100
41.	2023 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below.  Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.  - or -  Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.	\$ 0.3652 /\$100

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.0442 \*\* Tex. Tax Code §26.0443

Votel-Approvalitax Rate Worksheet	******Amount/Rate
Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration, if the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of  1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or  2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred  If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete	
Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	\$ 0 /\$100
Total 2023 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:  (1) are paid by property taxes,  (2) are secured by property taxes,  (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and  (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 38	
Enter debt amount \$ 0	
B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none) \$ 0	
D. Subtract amount paid from other resources\$	
E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	\$ 0
Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	\$ 0
Adjusted 2022 dalah Cultur at Charles at County and	\$ 0
2023 anticipated collection rate.	
A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certifled by the collector. 30	1
B.         Enter the 2022 actual collection rate.         98.50	•
C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate	
D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. 93.22 %	ar our
E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	100.00 %
2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$ O
2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	s 322.884,100
2023 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	s 0 /5100
2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$ 0.3652
Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2023 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41.  Add Line D41 and 48.	\$/\$100
The first tends of the first ten	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M8O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration, if the taxing unit is located in an area defained a disaster area and at least one person is gained an exemption under Tax Code Section 11 35 for property located in the taxing unit. The disaster is person activation by only may direct the person calculate the person activation that can be calculated in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1 the taxing unit which total taxable value on the certified approisal roll execes the total taxable value of the text available within the disaster occurred. or 3 the third tax year and which that taxable value on the certified approisal roll execes the total taxable value of the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply line 40C by 1.08.** If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster line 41 (file C41).  Total 2023 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:  (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not obstitied in the taxing unit's budget as M8O expenses.  A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts shall be paid from property tax exemue. Do not include approisal district budget payments. If the governils pody of a taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts shall be paid from property tax exemue. Do not include approisal district budget payments. If the governils pody of a taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the reversal pour taxing units and ta

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(a) <sup>28</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(7) <sup>26</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(10) and 26.04(b) <sup>15</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(b) <sup>15</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$526.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county voter-approval tax rate.	0
-	(DA IDIC.	\$/\$100

# SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue,

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and UseTax Worksheet	Amount/	Rate
51,	<b>Taxable Sales.</b> For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or May 2023, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. <sup>32</sup> Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022, enter 0.	\$ 0	
52,	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33		
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95, 31		
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$	modes of the constitution of
53,	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	322,884,10 \$	0
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$	/\$100
55.	2023 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. <sup>35</sup> Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	0.3526 \$	/\$100
56.	2023 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2022.	0.3526 \$	/\$100
57.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. <sup>36</sup> Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	0.3652	/\$100
58.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	0,3652 \$	/\$100

# SECTION 4: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet Amount/Rate:		
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. <sup>37</sup> The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. <sup>38</sup>	\$ 0
60.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 322,884,100
61.	Additional rate for pollution control, Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$
62.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$ 0.3652 /\$100

<sup>&</sup>quot; Tex. Tax Code \$26.041(d)

<sup>&</sup>quot; Tex. Tax Code §26.041(i)

<sup>14</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.041(d) " lex. Tax Code 926.04(c)

<sup>&</sup>quot; Tex. Tax Code \$26,04(c)
" Tex. Tax Code \$26,045(d)

<sup>16</sup> Tex. Tax Code § 26.045[6]

## SECTION 5: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 in a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate must be backed out of the calculation for that year.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate would be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. (3)

	Unused increment hate worksneet.	in the Land B. Carlette of the last	Amount/kate
63.	3. Year 3 component. Subtract the 2022 actual tax rate and the 2022 unused increment rate from the 2022	voter-approval tax rate.	Total or Taxanana agent
	A. Voter-approval tax rate	\$ 0.3931 /\$100	
	As applicable: Line 49, Line 50 (countles), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line control)	ne 62 (taxing units with pollution	
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66).	s 0.0000 /5100	VI (VI)
	C. Subtract B from A	\$ <u>0.3931</u> /\$100	
	D. Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.3931 /\$100	
	E. Subtract D from C		
64.			
	A. Voter-approval tax rate	s 0.4071 /\$100	
	As applicable; Line 49, Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales ta pollution control)	x) or Line 62 (taxing units with	
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66).	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	
	C. Subtract B from A	5 0.4071 /5100	
	D. Adopted Tax Rate.	\$ 0,4071 /\$100	
	E. Subtract D from C	NAME OF THE PARTY	
65,	•	The second section is a second section of the second section of the second section sec	
1	A. Voter-approval tax rate	\$ <u>0.4094</u> /\$100	
	As applicable: Line 47, Line 50 (counties), Line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax pollution control)	x) or Line 60 (taxing units with	
1	B. Unused increment rate	\$ <sup>0</sup> /\$100	
	C. Subtract B from A	\$ 0.4094 /\$100	
	D. Adopted Tax Rate,	\$ 0.4094 /\$100	
:	E. Subtract D from C	'	*
66,		and an in the second control of the second c	\$
67.		ollowing lines (as applicable); Line 49,	entre per d'arrive de la company de la compa
į	, this pay (disposer), this an (countries), this and (taxing units with the additional sales tax) of time 62 (taxing	units with pollution control).	\$ 0.3652

<sup>19</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26,013(a)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.013(c)

\*\* Tex. Tax Code \$526.013(c)

\*\* Tex. Tax Code \$525.0501(a) and (c)

\*\* Tex. Local Gov't Code \$120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

<sup>43</sup> Jox, Tax Code \$26,063(a)(1) 43 Tex. Tax Code \$26,012(8-a)

<sup>4&</sup>quot; Tex. Tax Code \$26.063(a)(1)

#### **SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate**

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. <sup>45</sup>

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. <sup>45</sup>

Line See De Minimis Rate-Worksheel Amount/Rate			
68.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$ 0.3529 /\$	100
69.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 322,884,100	ACCOUNTABLE
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.1548 /\$	100
71.	2023 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0 \$ with the control of the contro	100
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ 0.5077 /\$	100

## SECTION 7: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.<sup>46</sup>

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year, 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the
  assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster
  occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate
  without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rat	e.
73.	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.3931	/\$100
74.	Adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line.  If a disaster occurred in 2022 and the taxing unit calculated its 2022 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2022 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet.  - or -  If a disaster occurred prior to 2022 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2022, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2022 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. <sup>48</sup> Enter the final adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet.  - or -  If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	0	<b>/</b> \$100
75.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	s <sup>0</sup>	/\$100
76.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 289,625,550	
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$ <sup>0</sup>	
78.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 322,834,470	
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	\$ 0	/\$100

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(b)

<sup>&</sup>quot; Tex. Tax Code §26.042(I)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(c)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(b)

Line	Emergency/Revenue Rate Worksheet	. L & Amount/Rate
80.	<b>2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue.</b> Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	s 0.3652 /\$100
SEC	CTION 8: Total Tax Rate	
Indica	ate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above,	
,	No-new-revenue tax rate	\$ 0.3526 /\$100
,	Voter-approval tax rate	\$ 0.3652 /5100
	De minimis rate	\$ 0.5077 /\$100
	TION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature	
emplo	the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the pope of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified at a containing the taxing unit's certified at taxable value, in accordance with requirements in the Tax Code. 50	e designated officer or appraisal roll or certified
prir her	Carey Minter	
	Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative	
sig: her		3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(c-2) and (d-2)